WE CLAIM:

1	1. A copper electroplating bath, comprising:
2	water as a solvent;
3	copper ions;
4	anions that strongly complex said copper ions so as to substantially increase
5	the overpotential for copper electrodeposition such that the copper deposition rate at a
6	given cathode potential is substantially suppressed; and
7	an organic additive compound that tends to accelerate the copper
8	electrodeposition rate.
1	2. The copper electroplating bath of Claim 1, wherein said anions are of a type
2	selected from the group consisting of pyrophosphate, cyanide, citrate, tartrate, phosphate,
3	glycerolate, ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, carboxylic acids, triethanolamine, amines,
4	phosphonates, and mixtures thereof.
1	The copper electroplating bath of Claim 1, further comprising:
2	cations other than copper ions added to the electroplating bath as a salt of said
3	anions, such that said anions are present in the electroplating bath in stoichiometric
4	excess relative to said copper ions.
1	4. The copper electroplating bath of Claim 3, wherein said cations other than
2	copper ions are not electroactive at the potential used for copper electrodeposition, such that
3	relatively pure copper metal is deposited.
1	
1	5. The copper electroplating bath of Claim 4, wherein said cations other than
2	copper ions are selected from the group consisting of K ⁺ , Na ⁺ , and NH ₄ ⁺ ions.
1	
1	6. The copper electroplating bath of Claim 1, father comprising:
2	a surfactant.
1	
1	7. The copper electroplating bath of Claim 1, further comprising:

2	ions of at least one electroactive metal selected from the group consisting of	
3	silver, zinc, cadmium, iron, cobalt, nickel, tin, lead, bismuth, antimony, gallium and	
4	indium, such that a copper alloy deposit is obtained.	
1		
1	8. The copper electroplating bath of Claim 1, wherein said organic additive	
2	compound contains at least one chemical element selected from the group consisting o	
3	sulfur, nitrogen and phosphorous.	
1		
1	9. The copper electroplating bath of Claim 1, whereby copper metal is	
2	electrodeposited in Damascene trenches and vias to form circuitry on semiconductor chips.	
1		
1	10. A copper electroplating bath, comprising:	
2	water as a solvent;	
3	copper ions;	
4	pyrophosphate anions;	
5	cations other than copper ions added to the electroplating bath as a salt of said	
6	anions, such that said anions are present in the electroplating bath in stoichiometric	
7	excess relative to said copper ions; and	
8	an organic additive compound that tends to accelerate the coppe	
9	electrodeposition rate.	
1		
1	11. The copper electroplating bath of Claim 10, wherein said cations other than	
2	copper ions are not electroactive at the potential used for copper electrodeposition, such that	
3	relatively pure copper metal is deposited.	
1		
1	12. The copper electroplating bath of Claim 11, wherein said cations other than	
2	copper ions are selected from the group consisting of K ⁺ , Na ⁺ , and NH ₄ ⁺ ions.	
1		
1	13. The copper electroplating bath of Claim 10, further comprising:	
2	a surfactant.	

1	14.	The copper electroplating bath of Claim 13, wherein said surfactant is	
2	polyoxyethylene(10)isooctylphenylether.		
1			
1	15.	The copper electroplating bath of Claim 10, further comprising:	
2		ions of at least one electroactive metal selected from the group consisting of	
3	silver,	zinc, cadmium, iron, cobalt, nickel, tin, lead, bismuth, antimony, gallium and	
4	indiun	n, such that a copper alloy deposit is obtained.	
1			
1	16.	The copper electroplating bath of Claim 10, wherein said organic additive	
2	compound is 2,5-dimercapto-1,3,4-thiadiazole at a concentration in the range from 1 to 5		
3	$\mu \underline{M}$.		
1			
1	17.	The copper electroplating bath of claim 10, wherein the temperature is	
2	maintained be	etween 50°C and 60°C.	
1			
1	18.	The copper electroplating bath of Claim 10, wherein the pH is maintained in	
2	the 8.0 to 8.8	range.	
1			
1	19.	The copper electroplating bath of Claim 10, further comprising;	
2		ammonia or ammonium ion.	
1			
1	20.	The copper electroplating bath of Claim 10, further comprising:	
2		nitrate ion.	
1			
1	21.	The copper electroplating bath of Claim 10, whereby copper metal is	
2	electrodeposi	ted in Damascene trenches and vias to form circuitry on semiconductor chips.	
1			
1	22.	A copper electroplating bath, comprising:	
2		water as a solvent;	
3		copper ions;	
4		pyrophosphate anions;	

5	cations other than copper ions added to the electroplating bath as a salt of	said
6	anions, such that said anions are present in the electroplating bath in stoichiom	etric
7	excess relative to said copper ions; and	
8	2,5-dimercapto-1,3,4-thiadiazole at a concentration in the range from 1	to 5
9	$\mu \underline{M},$	
10	whereby copper metal is electrodeposited in Damascene trenches and vias to	orm
11	circuitry on semiconductor chips.	
1		
1	23. A copper electroplating bath, comprising:	
2	water as a solvent;	
3	copper ions;	
4	pyrophosphate anions;	
5	cations other than copper ions added to the electroplating bath as a salt of	said
6	anions, such that said anions are present in the electroplating bath in stoichion	etric
7	excess relative to said copper ions;	
8	an organic additive compound that tends to accelerate the co	pper
9	electrodeposition rate; and	
10	a surfactant.	
1		
1	24. A copper electroplating bath, comprising:	
2	water as a solvent;	
3	copper ions;	
4	pyrophosphate anions;	
5	cations other than copper ions added to the electroplating bath as a salt o	`said
6	anions, such that said anions are present in the electroplating bath in stoichion	ıetric
7	excess relative to said copper ions;	
8	2,5-dimercapto-1,3,4-thiadiazole at a concentration in the range from 1	to 5
9	μ M ; and	
10	a surfactant,	
11	whereby copper metal is electrodeposited in Damascene trenches and vias to	form
12	circuitry on semiconductor chips.	

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1	25.	A copper electroplating bath, comprising:
2		water as a solvent;
3		copper ions;
4		pyrophosphate anions;
5		cations other than copper ions added to the electroplating bath as a salt of said
6	anions,	such that said anions are present in the electroplating bath in stoichiometric
7	excess	relative to said copper ions;
8		2,5-dimercapto-1,3,4-thiadiazole at a concentration in the range from 1 to 5
9	μ <u>Μ</u> ,	
10		polyoxyethylene(10)isooctylphenylether as a surfactant;
11		ammonia or ammonium ion; and
12		nitrate ion,
13	wherel	by copper metal is electrodeposited in Damascene trenches and vias to form
14	circuitry on se	miconductor chips.
1		
1	26.	A process for electrodepositing copper circuitry in trenches and vias on
2	semiconductor	chips, comprising the steps of:
3		providing a semiconductor chip with trenches and vias to be filled with
4	copper	;
5		placing said chip in contact with an electroplating bath, said bath comprising:
6		water as a solvent,
7		copper ions,
8		pyrophosphate anions,
9		cations other than copper ions added to the electroplating bath as a sale
10	of said	d anions, such that said anions are present in the electroplating bath in
11	stoichi	ometric excess relative to said copper ions, and
12		2,5-dimercapto-1,3,4-thiadiazole at a concentration in the range from 1
13	to 5 μ <u>l</u>	M, and
14		electrodepositing copper in said trenches and vias.
1		

ı	27.	The process of Claim 26, wherein said cations other than copper ions are
2	selected from	the group consisting of K ⁺ , Na ⁺ , and NH ₄ ⁺ ions.
1		•
1	28.	The process of Claim 26, wherein the electroplating bath further comprises a
2	surfactant.	•
1		
1	29.	The process of Claim 28, wherein said surfactant is
2	polyoxyethyle	ene(10)isooctylphenylether.
1		
1	30.	The process of Claim 26, wherein the temperature of the plating bath is
2	maintained at	a temperature between 50°C and 60°C.
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1	31.	The process of Claim 26, wherein the pH of the electroplating bath is
2	maintained in	the 8.0 to 8.8 range.
1		
1	32.	The process of Claim 26, wherein the electroplating bath further comprises
2	ammonia or a	ammonium ion.
1		
1	33.	The process of Claim 26, wherein the electroplating bath further comprises
2	nitrate ion.	